Measuring Child Outcomes: State Part C Approaches Information based on February 2009 APRs Verified by States in July 2009

State	Approach to Measurement	Data Sources/Assessment tools	Near Entry & Near Exit Definitions
AL	COSF	Some tools and procedures used: Bayley, BDI, ELAP, Carolina, DAYC, DOCS, IDA, PLS4, HELP, REEL, Peabody, AEPS, Rossetti, Vineland, EIDP, parent observation, clinical opinion, medical diagnosis; information from individuals in contact with the child e.g. parents and family members, caregivers or child care providers, therapists, service providers, service coordinators, and physicians	Entry: entry submitted no later than 10 days after IFSP meeting Exit: progress data submitted no later than 10 days after child is out of the system
		Anchor tools: BDI-2, Carolina, ELAP, Brigance, HELP, Bayley, AEPS plus at least one other source, such as parent report, provider observation, other	Entry: a short time after enrollment (on or near the date of the initial IFSP)
AK	COSF Publishers' online analysis (AEPSi); considering switching to	AEPSi (considering switch to COSF with AEPS	Exit: within 90 days of exit Entry: during the intake process
AS	COSF	evaluation data) Data from a variety of sources including parent report, observation, a broad spectrum tool, other evaluation results, and available records; programs choose a tool from a state-approved list: The Ounce Scale, BDI-2, Bayley, Brigance, Carolina Curriculum, DAYC, ELAP, HELP, IDA, Michigan, Oregon Project for Visually Impaired and Blind	Exit: within 90 days prior to exit Entry: as part of the initial assessment Exit: no earlier than 90 days prior to the child's exit
AR	COSF	Approved testing instruments (BDI, Brigance, Carolina,, Carolina Developmental Profile, DAYC, DIAL-3, HELP, ELAP, ITDA, INSITE Checklist, KIDS, LAP-R, Project Memphis), parent observation and input, service coordinator and/or teacher observation, and therapist opinion (clinical opinion)	Entry:
СА	Other- chart by chart physical extraction by lead agency in coordination with each regional center to compare ratio of functional age to chronological age at entrance and exit	Various instruments including Vineland, REEL, PPVT, ASQ and others; practitioners encouraged to use multiple sources of information (direct observation, formal evaluation instruments, parent interviews, and review of current records and evaluations). If different instruments produce different functioning levels, scores were averaged with informed clinical opinion; outcome 1- social/emotional; outcome 2-communcation & cognitive (whichever is lower); outcome 3=self help/adapt	Entry: typically within 45 days of initial referral unless complex conditions Exit: between 30 and 36 months unless parent requested early discharge
со	Publishers' online analysis	State-approved tools: Ounce, High Scope, Creative Curriculum, AEPS	Entry: within 8-10 weeks of entry Exit: within 90 days prior to exit
СТ	COSF	HELP, Carolina, or AEPS combined with parent input	Entry: upon entry Exit: at exit

State	Approach to	Data Sources/Assessment tools	Near Entry & Near Exit
State	Measurement		Definitions
			Entry: preferably within 60 days of beginning service
		Observations, interviews, behavior checklists, structured interactions, play assessment, adaptive	(defined as the start date of service on IFSP); with
		and developmental scales, criterion-referenced and norm referenced instruments, clinical judgment, tests	performance-based process and services in natural
		of basic concepts or other techniques and procedures deemed appropriate. Recommended	environments, may take up to 120 days
55	0005	tools: Bayley III, Creative Curriculum, Carolina, Callier-Azusa Scale, Developmental Assessment for	Exit: preferably within 90 days
DE	COSF	Individuals with Severe Disabilities, Vineland	of when the child exits Entry: at the initial IFSP
		Data from evaluations and assessments; observations and input of the IFSP team which includes the family. Approved tools include Bayley,	meeting when possible or not later than two weeks from the date of the signed IFSP
DC	COSF	Brigance, IDA, Ounce, Battelle, Mullen, PLS4, Peabody Motor Scales-2	Exit: no more than 60 days prior to exit
			Entry: 90 days before to 30 days after Initial IFSP
			Exit: 90 days before to 90 days after transition to B; 90 days
	One statewide	BDI-2 where outcome 1= personal-social domain;	before to 30 days after exit
FL	tool (BDI-2)	outcome 2= communication domain; outcome 3= adaptive domain	from Early steps if not transitioning to B.
		Variety of data sources; (assume same as last year) at least one crosswalked tool (BDI-2, Carolina, AEPS, HELP, DAYC) and additional information may	Entry:
GA	COSF	be synthesized from any approved evaluation tool or procedure	Exit: no more than 60 days prior to exit
			Entry: one month after initial IFSP and child is no less than 4 months of age
		HELP, along with parent input, service provider observation, and other assessment or evaluation	Exit: as close to exit from the
GU	COSF	reports	program
		The most recent developmental evaluation and assessment (HELP or Michigan), clinical opinion, parent input, and level of achievement of IFSP	Entry: at initial IFSP meeting Exit: within 3 months
HI	COSF	objectives relevant to outcome	preceding exit Entry: within 45 days of IFSP
		Approved anchor assessment tools for Part C and B (BDI-2, HELP, Creative Curriculum, AEPS, Carolina, OUNCE, WSS, High Scope, Brigance, Bayley III, and the ASQ for kids with single service and not considered potentially eligible for B), parental input,	development (or at or before first 6-mo review for premature babies who begin services before 6 mo chronological age)
ID	COSF	information from other therapists or care takers, and professional judgment	Exit: within 30 days following exit or their 3rd birthday
		Approved assessment instruments including global and discipline-specific tools; pertinent records,	Entry: with initial IFSP Exit: at exit conferences within
IL	COSF	clinical observation, and parent interview AEPS where social emotional domain=Outcome 1,	120 days of child turning three Entry: within one month of
	One statewide tool (AEPS); plan	cognitive domain=Outcome 2,adaptive domain=Outcome 3 (although early years data	initial IFSP
IN	to switch to ISTAR	collected was based on a variety of tools plus other input)	Exit: no later than 3 months before child's exit

State	Approach to Measurement	Data Sources/Assessment tools	Near Entry & Near Exit Definitions
		Multiple methods of data using multiple sources, including record review, interviews, observations, tests, ongoing assessments and performance monitoring data on IFSP Outcomes.	Entry: as part of initial IFSP meeting, concurrent with determination of eligibility and development of the IFSP
IA	COSF	Commonly used tools: DAYC, Carolina Curriculum, HELP, Developmental Observation Checklist System, and Assessment, Evaluation and Programming System	Exit: annually thereafter as a part of the IFSP annual reviews until children exit or no longer receive early intervention services
		At least one of the recommended assessments (AEPS, Carolina, High Scope, Creative Curriculum, HELP, IGDI, TPBA, WSS) must be used in conjunction with information obtained through record	Entry: within 30 days of a child's initial eligibility determination
KS	COSF	review, interview, observation, screening, parent input, and additional tests to complete the COSF.	Exit: within 30 days of permanent exit from Part C
	Other- Based on crosswalk of 3 approved tools, scores used to determine age- appropriate functioning. Percentages computed on cumulative scores. Using percentages, a different score is computed between each data point for each child. Percentile analysis used to		Entry:
KY	determine OSEP categories.	3 approved assessments: AEPS, Carolina, and HELP	Exit: within 15.5 weeks of discharge
	One state-wide	BDI-2 (Personal-Social=outcome 1;	Entry: at eligibility determination Exit: latest BDI-2 administered for annual eligibility determination or exit outcomes
LA	tool (BDI-2)	communication=outcome 2; motor=outcome 3) Approved assessment (BDI or Bayley III), observations of child in natural environment,	assessment prior to child's exit Entry: at initial IFSP
ME	COSF	informed clinical judgment and information provided by the family	Exit: prior to transition

Other- providers enter Other- providers enter Image in months on assessment as an age range) and state extracts from data base to calculate %delay (chronological age at entry and exit, developmental age and entry and exit, and devidopmental age and entry and exit, and devidopmental age and entry and exit, and intervention Initial evaluation and assessment instruments and procedures where outcome 1= social emotional domain, outcome 2=cognitive and communication domain outcome 2=cognitive and communication domain outcome 2=cognitive and communication domain outcome 3= adaptive domain; commonly used tools include: BDI, EIDP/Michigan, ELAP, HELP, ASQ Entry: as part of initial assessment and IFSP proce: (present levels) COther- calculation comparing child's developmental age with chronological age to compare the percentage of improvement in functionality. Stakeholders considering new approach. MA is piloiting the BDI-2 as a potential option for gathering child outcomes data This year, Michigan; where outcome 1= social emotional domain, outcome 2= communication domain, outcome 2= communication domain, outcome 2= communication domain, outcome 2= communication domain, outcome 3= adaptive. Entry: eligibility assessment data MI COSF Primary tool is the IDA; Other tools/methods accepted for outcomes measurement are: AEPS, Battelle, Bayley, Michigan, ELAP, HELP, Carolina, Brigance, observation, and parent input Entry: within one month of entry into Part C MI COSF Multiple data services providers and other primary Cospervation and parent input Entry: within one month of exit rom Part C MI COSF Local programs choose one criteri	State	Approach to	Data Sources/Assessment tools	Near Entry & Near Exit
enter developmental age in months on assessment (using midpoint if assessment has an age range) and state extracts from data base to calculate %delay (chronological age at entry and exit, and exit, and intervention Initial evaluation and assessment instruments and procedures where outcome 1= social emotional domain, outcome 2=cognitive and communication domains (domain with lowest score used), outcome 3= adaptive domain; commonly used tools include: Entry: as part of initial assessment and IFSP proce: (present levels) MD Efficacy Index). BDI, EIDP/Michigan, ELAP, HELP, ASQ Entry: eligibility assessment developmental age with chronological age to compare the percentage of improvement in functionality. Stakeholders considering new approach. MA is piloiting the BDI-2 as a potential option for gathering child's This year, Michigan; where outcome 1= social emotional domain, outcome 2= communication domain, outcome 3= adaptive. Entry: eligibility assessment data MI COSF Primary tool is the IDA; Other tools/methods accepted for outcomes measurement are: AEPS, Battelle, Bayley, Michigan, ELAP, HELP, Carolina, Brigance, observation, and parent input Exit: typically during IFSP developmental transition process MI COSF Primary tool is the IDA; Other tools/methods accepted for outcomes measurement are: AEPS, Battelle, Bayley, Michigan, ELAP, HELP, Carolina, Ergszer, bestration, and parent input Entry: within one month of exit reation process MI COSF Local programs choose one criterion-referenced (IDA, Carolina, ELAP, HELP, 2D-11) at one rom referenced (DASHI, IBD+2, 2D-PII) itot form the fist Exit: within o		Measurement		Definitions
MD Efficacy Index). BDI, EIDP/Michigan, ELAP, HÉLP, ASQ the more accurate Other- calculation comparing child's developmental age with chronological age to compare the percentage of improvement in functionality. Stakeholders considering new approach. MA is piloting the BDI-2 as a potential option for gathering child outcomes data This year, Michigan; where outcome 1= social emotional domain, outcome 2= communication domain, outcome 2= adaptive. Entry: eligibility assessment data MA OCSF Primary tool is the IDA; Other tools/methods accepted for outcomes measurement are: AFPS, Battelle, Bayley, Michigan, ELAP, HELP, Carolina, Brigance, observation, and parent input Entry: typically during IFSP development meeting MI COSF Brigance, observation, and parent input Entry: within one month of entry: within one month of entry: within one month of entry: within one month of entry: within one month of exit from Part C MN COSF Local programs choose one criterion-referenced (IDA, Carolina, ELAP, HELP) and one norm- referenced (DASI-II, BDI-2, DP-III) tool from the list Entry: with initial IFSP Exit: no more than 60 days		enter developmental age in months on assessment (using midpoint if assessment has an age range) and state extracts from data base to calculate %delay (chronological age at entry and exit, developmental age and entry and exit, and	procedures where outcome 1= social emotional domain, outcome 2=cognitive and communication domains (domain with lowest score used), outcome	assessment and IFSP process (present levels) Exit: no earlier than 6 month
Other- calculation comparing child's developmental age with chronological age to compare the percentage of improvement in functionality. Stakeholders considering new approach. MA is piloting the BDI-2 as a potential option for gathering child outcomes data Entry: eligibility assessment data MA This year, Michigan; where outcome 1= social emotional domain, outcome 2= communication domain, outcome 3= adaptive. Entry: eligibility assessment data MA Outcomes data Primary tool is the IDA; Other tools/methods accepted for outcomes measurement are: AEPS, Battelle, Bayley, Michigan, ELAP, HELP, Carolina, Brigance, observation, and parent input Entry: typically during IFSP development meeting MI COSF Primary tool is the IDA; Other tools/methods accepted for outcomes measurement are: AEPS, Battelle, Bayley, Michigan, ELAP, HELP, Carolina, Brigance, observation, and parent input Entry: typically during IFSP development meeting MUI COSF Multiple data sources including norm-referenced test data gathered as part of eligibility determination, criterion-referenced or curriculum-based measures crosswalked by ECO, parent report, observations by ECSE, related service providers and other primary Entry: within one month of entry: within one month of exit from Part C MN COSF Local programs choose one criterion-referenced (IDA, Carolina, ELAP, HELP) and one norm- referenced (DASI-II, BDI-2, DP-III) tool from the list Entry: with initial IFSP	МП			
gathering child outcomes dataemotional domain, outcome 2= communication domain, outcome 3= adaptive.Exit: at exitMAoutcomes datadomain, outcome 3= adaptive.Exit: at exitMAprimary tool is the IDA; Other tools/methods accepted for outcomes measurement are: AEPS, Battelle, Bayley, Michigan, ELAP, HELP, Carolina, Brigance, observation, and parent inputExit: typically during the transition processMICOSFBrigance, observation, and parent inputExit: typically during the transition processMICOSFMultiple data sources including norm-referenced test data gathered as part of eligibility determination, criterion-referenced or curriculum-based measures crosswalked by ECO, parent report, observations by ECSE, related service providers and other primary CaregiversExit: within one month of exit from Part CMNCOSFLocal programs choose one criterion-referenced (IDA, Carolina, ELAP, HELP) and one norm- referenced (DASI-II, BDI-2, DP-III) tool from the listExit: no more than 60 days		developmental age with chronological age to compare the percentage of improvement in functionality. Stakeholders considering new approach. MA is piloting the BDI-2 as a potential		
MA outcomes data domain, outcome 3= adaptive. Exit: at exit MA outcomes data domain, outcome 3= adaptive. Exit: at exit Primary tool is the IDA; Other tools/methods accepted for outcomes measurement are: AEPS, Battelle, Bayley, Michigan, ELAP, HELP, Carolina, Brigance, observation, and parent input Exit: typically during the transition process MI COSF Multiple data sources including norm-referenced test data gathered as part of eligibility determination, criterion-referenced or curriculum-based measures crosswalked by ECO, parent report, observations by ECSE, related service providers and other primary Caregivers Exit: within one month of exit from Part C MN COSF Local programs choose one criterion-referenced (IDA, Carolina, ELAP, HELP) and one norm- referenced (DASI-II, BDI-2, DP-III) tool from the list Entry: with initial IFSP				data
MI COSF Primary tool is the IDA; Other tools/methods accepted for outcomes measurement are: AEPS, Battelle, Bayley, Michigan, ELAP, HELP, Carolina, Brigance, observation, and parent input Exit: typically during the transition process MI COSF Multiple data sources including norm-referenced test data gathered as part of eligibility determination, criterion-referenced or curriculum-based measures crosswalked by ECO, parent report, observations by ECSE, related service providers and other primary caregivers Exit: within one month of exit from Part C MN COSF Local programs choose one criterion-referenced (IDA, Carolina, ELAP, HELP) and one norm- referenced (DASI-II, BDI-2, DP-III) tool from the list Entry: with initial IFSP	MA			
MI COSF Brigance, observation, and parent input transition process Multiple data sources including norm-referenced test data gathered as part of eligibility determination, criterion-referenced or curriculum-based measures crosswalked by ECO, parent report, observations by ECSE, related service providers and other primary ECSE, related service providers and other primary caregivers Exit: within one month of exit from Part C MN COSF Local programs choose one criterion-referenced (IDA, Carolina, ELAP, HELP) and one norm- referenced (DASI-II, BDI-2, DP-III) tool from the list Exit: no more than 60 days			accepted for outcomes measurement are: AEPS,	development meeting
MN COSF Local programs choose one criterion-referenced (IDA, Carolina, ELAP, HELP) and one norm-referenced (DASI-II, BDI-2, DP-III) tool from the list Entry: within one month of entry into Part C Exit: within one month of exit Exit: Exit: within one month of exit From Part C Exit: Exit: with initial IFSP (IDA, Carolina, ELAP, HELP) and one norm-referenced Exit: no more than 60 days	MI	COSF	Brigance, observation, and parent input	
Local programs choose one criterion-referenced (IDA, Carolina, ELAP, HELP) and one norm- referenced (DASI-II, BDI-2, DP-III) tool from the list Exit: no more than 60 days	MN	COSF	data gathered as part of eligibility determination, criterion-referenced or curriculum-based measures crosswalked by ECO, parent report, observations by ECSE, related service providers and other primary	entry into Part C Exit: within one month of exit from Part C
MS COSF for eligibility and COSF prior to exit from program			Local programs choose one criterion-referenced (IDA, Carolina, ELAP, HELP) and one norm- referenced (DASI-II, BDI-2, DP-III) tool from the list	Entry: with initial IFSP Exit: no more than 60 days

State	Approach to Measurement	Data Sources/Assessment tools	Near Entry & Near Exit Definitions
	Other-state-		
	developed 5- point summary		
	tool with % delay		Entry: within 30 days of
	associated with		eligibility determination
	each of the 5		
	points on the	Multiple sources of information (no specific	Exit: within 30 days of exit from
MO	scale	instruments/ no approved list of instruments)	the program
		Data from evaluations and assessments and the	Frating during the development
		judgment of IFSP team members, including parents; list of approved instruments include ELAP, DP-II,	Entry: during the development of the initial IFSP
		DPIII, HELP, BDI, DAYC, IDA, Carolina, Vineland,	
MT	COSF	Portage B-3, and considering the Ounce	Exit: at or near exit or transition
			Entry:
	Publishers' online		
NE	analysis	High Scope, Creative Curriculum, AEPS	Exit:
			Entry: within 30 days following the initial IFSP
		Programs are required to use a variety of data	
		sources including parent report, observations, and	Exit: within 14 days of the
NV	COSF	assessment results from the HELP	child's exit from the program
			Entry: within 6 weeks of entry
		Multiple sources of information including assessment	(children under 6 months will have COSF completed when
		tools (HELP, IDA), medical reports, interviews with	they turn 6 months of age)
		child care providers; input from the evaluation team,	
		IFSP team members, service coordinator, the family,	Exit: within 90 day period prior
NH	COSF	and others requested by the family	to the child's 3rd birthday
			Entry: as part of the intake
			process
			Exit: (sampling at exit)
			teams/units will be given at
		BDI-2 where - outcome 1=personal-social domain,	least 3 months advance notice
NU	One statewide	outcome 2=cognitive and communication domains,	to schedule, complete and
NJ	tool BDI-2	outcome 3=BDI-2 motor and adaptive domains Approved tools: HELP, AEPS, Ounce, IDA, High	submit exiting data Entry: at time of initial IFSP
		Scope, BDI, ELAP, DAYC, Birth to 3:	
		Comprehensive Test of Developmental Abilities,	Exit: at exit (unless annual was
		Oregon Project: For visually impaired and blind	completed within 6 months of
NM	COSF	preschool.	child's exit)
			Entry: at the initial IFSP meeting
			Exit: at the final IFSP meeting
			prior to exit or alternatively
			(when a final IFSP meeting is
			not held) exit data will be
		All available sources of information including ongoing assessment data, recent evaluation data,	collected on COSF from providers involved in service
NY	COSF	and service provider and parent observations	delivery.
			Entry: as child enters when
			IFSP is signed
		All available information compiled through	Exit: no more than 30 days
		developmental evaluation, observation, input of	prior to child's 3rd birthday or

State	Approach to Measurement	Data Sources/Assessment tools	Near Entry & Near Exit Definitions
		The HELP as well as other sources of information (direct observations, parent reports, and medical	Entry: at entry (if at least 6 months old)
MP	COSF	records)	Exit:
ND	one statewide tool - Oregon Early Childhood Assessment Svetem	Oregon EC Assessment- 16 foundation areas mapped to the 3 outcomes; checklist ratings and direct observations of children in natural environments; outcome 1=cooperation and self- control, social relationships, family roles and relationships; outcome 2= engagement, persistence, initiative and curiosity, reasoning, problem-solving and inquiry, arts, movement, music and dramatic play, listening and understanding, speaking and communication, phonological awareness, print awareness, numbers and operations, patterns and measurement, and matter, force, energy and dynamic earth; outcome 3=fine motor, gross motor, hydiene, putrition and parsonal care	Entry: within two weeks of their first IFSP
ND	System	hygiene, nutrition and personal care	Exit: prior to discharge Entry: within 30 days of initial
		A variety of data sources; evaluation/assessment,	IFSP, if the child is older than 6 months at IFSP; if the child is younger than 6 months, the COSF will be completed within 30 days of the first IFSP on/after 6 months.
ОН	COSF	screenings, parent feedback and observation	Exit: within 30 days of exit
		All available information (including parent observation, evaluations, and other assessments) as	Entry: within 30 days of the initial IFSP Exit: within 30 days of the
OK	COSF	well as BDI-2	child's last date of service
OR	one statewide tool - AEPS	AEPS	Entry: 30 calendar days prior to or 30 days past the initial eligibility date. Exit: no more than 30 calendar days prior to or 30 days past the exit date.
	COSF is interim approach; future plans to use one statewide tool	Approved assessment tools and other pertinent information (Creative Curriculum, WSS, Ounce, High Scope; only temporarily can programs use the BDI or BDI-2, DAYC, HELP, LAP-3, ELAP, DOCS); future	Entry: within 60 days of determination of eligibility Exit: no more than 60 days
PA	(OUNCE)	plans to use only the OUNCE (by July 2009)	prior to the child's exit
			Entry: prior to the development of the initial IFSP
PR	COSF	Using the initial/ annual evaluation and assessment data information; all children have CBA (HELP this year; also AEPS in future)	Exit: just prior to exit if the child has been in services for at least six months and is exiting prior to the annual evaluation for the IFSP, or at the annual evaluation of the IFSP

State	Approach to Measurement	Data Sources/Assessment tools	Near Entry & Near Exit Definitions
			Entry: during initial evaluation/assessment, as part of the assessment or IFSP meeting
RI	COSF	A choice of measurement tools including curriculum based tools, standardized tools, parent report, observations, IFSP progress reviews, and professional evaluations (no required list of tools; curriculum based tools will be encouraged)	Exit: at the annual evaluation/assessment closest to exit data (reviewed during transition and changed if appropriate)
		A variety of sources of information; informal interactions and formal assessments, including HELP, AEPS, Insight Developmental Checklist,	Entry: at completion of the initial IFSP
SC	COSF	Oregon Project (will consider additional assessments as crosswalks are developed on a national level).	Exit: at completion of IFSP for discharge/transition
			Entry: as part of eligibility determination; within 45 days of referral
SD	One statewide tool - BDI-2	BDI-2 where outcome 1=social/emotional domain, outcome 2=cognitive and communication domains, outcome 3=physical and adaptive domains	Exit: fairly close to the time of exit
		Assessment/ evaluation/ eligibility information,	Entry: at initial IFSP
TN	COSF	including observations and parent report	Exit: IFSP closest to exit Entry: within 30 days of entry
тх	COSF	One or more of the state-selected instruments (HELP, AEPS, DAYC, BDI) and other sources of information, e.g. routines-based interviews, clinical observation and family input	into program Exit: within 60 days of exit from program
UT	COSF	A variety of data sources; evaluation/assessment, screening, parent feedback and observation. A variety of tools, including the REEL-2, ELAP, HELP, IDA, Rosetti, Brigance, BDI-2, Mullen, REEL-3, Peabody, CSBS, Bayley III and PLS4, etc.	Entry: at entry into EI (close to the time of development of IFSP) if the child is at least 6 months of age; OR when child reaches 6 months for those who enter younger Exit: within 20 days of exit
		Assessment data including a state approved child assessment tool (DAYC, HELP, IDA, AEPS), child	Entry: within one week of the initial IFSP
VT	COSF	observations, caregiver interviews/reports and record reviews	Exit: exit data collected 30 days prior to transition
VI	COSE	Assessment results (HELP or ELAP) along with	Entry: as part of initial evaluation and assessment Exit: during transition activities or prior to exit from the program
VI	COSF	observations Consensus of the IFSP team using the results of the assessment (no specific assessments required, but	program Entry: as part of IFSP development Exit: at last annual evaluation of the IFSP (if less than six months prior to exit), or at exiting for those leaving before the annual evaluation of the
VA	COSF	common tools include HELP and ELAP); judgment of team members, including the family	IFSP or more than 6 months after annual IFSP

State	Approach to Measurement	Data Sources/Assessment tools	Near Entry & Near Exit Definitions
		A variety of data sources including norm-referenced and curriculum based measures (no required	Entry: prior to completion of initial IFSP meeting
WA	COSF	assessment, but encouraged to use ASQ, AEPS, BDI-2, Carolina, DAYC, HELP), parent report, professional observations, and notes	Exit: no more than 60 days prior to the child's exit from the program
			Entry: at the initial IFSP meeting
WV	COSF	IFSP team and family observations and assessments (HELP most commonly used)	Exit: at the exit IFSP meeting
		A variety of instruments and other sources such as parent interview, observation, medical records, B-3 county records, foster parent input, and professional judgment. Some instruments reported include: Battelle; HELP; Brigance; Greenspan Social- Emotional Scale; ELAP; Bayley, AEPS, Carolina, ASQ; Vineland; M-Chat; Mullen (and many more	Entry: within 60 days of initial IFSP
WI	COSF	tools).	Exit: within 60 days of exit
		One or more of the state approved tools BDI, ELAP, HELP, Bayley-II, Brigance, AEPS) and other sources of information including the MDT evaluation, IFSP objectives and outcomes, child observations and	Entry: At Least 90 days after the IFSP meeting, but it is recommended that it be as close as possible to the determination of eligibility.
WY	COSF	parent input	Exit: three months prior or less